SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT FACT SHEET

Massachusetts Department of Public Health, Bureau of Substance Abuse Services

This fact sheet contains information about the impact of alcohol and other drug use in the Third Middlesex Senatorial District. Admission data were reported to the Bureau of Substance Abuse Services (BSAS) Substance Abuse Management Information System in FY 2003.

Residents of Third Middlesex Senatorial District

Characteristics of Admissions

In FY 2003, there were 115,896 admissions to licensed substance abuse treatment services in all of Massachusetts; 1.0% (1,105) of these admissions reside in the Third Middlesex Senatorial District. 3% (28) of admissions from the Third Middlesex Senatorial District were under 17 years of age. **Please note that these statistics represent only individual admissions, and represent a figure lower than the actual number of constituents in need of treatment services.** In FY 2003, admissions to all residential and outpatient substance abuse treatment services from Third Middlesex Senatorial District reported the following characteristics:

- 76% were male and 24% were female.
- 54% were between the ages of 30-49.
- 85% were white non-Latino, 4% were black non-Latino, 8% were Latino and 4% were other racial categories.
- 65% were never married, 18% were married, and 17% reported not to be married now.
- 23% had less than high school education, 48% completed high school, and 29% had more than high school education.
- 41% were employed.
- 9% were homeless.
- 27% had prior mental health treatment.

Primary Substance of Use

At admission clients also identify a "primary drug" of use that is the substance for which the client is seeking treatment. Table 1 compares the proportional distribution of primary drugs in Massachusetts with that for the Third Middlesex Senatorial District.

Table 1 Primary Drug by District and State FY 2003									
	Alcohol	Heroin	Marijuana	Cocaine	Crack				
District	56%	26%	8%	4%	3%				
State	43%	38%	6%	4%	4%				

Substances Used in Past Year

Upon entering treatment, each client is asked to report ALL substances used in the past year (12 months) prior to admission. Admissions frequently report using more than one substance within the year. The use of more than one psychoactive substance, such as alcohol and marijuana, is referred to as 'polydrug' or 'polysubstance' use.

Table 2 shows ALL substances which clients reported using in the year prior to admission, including the prevalence of injection drug users (IDU's), individuals who use a needle to ingest cocaine, crack, heroin or another drug to get high.

Table 2 Annual Admissions by Substance Used: FY 1995 – FY 2003											
Third Middlesex Senatorial District											
	Total	Alcohol	Marijuana	Cocaine	Crack	Heroin	IDU				
FY '95	1,380	1,226	418	370	240	244	190				
FY '96	1,323	1,153	464	368	227	231	168				
FY '97	1,361	1,206	402	327	198	264	215				
FY '98	1,357	1,130	376	319	163	327	241				
FY '99	1,320	1,098	391	288	149	398	317				
FY '00	1,392	1,164	405	261	135	356	285				
FY '01	1,267	999	371	279	130	314	245				
FY '02	1,300	1,019	402	255	119	398	299				
FY '03	1,105	841	301	231	98	321	229				

Heroin and Injection Drug Use

Figure 1 below shows the proportional increases in all admissions in the Third Middlesex Senatorial District and the proportional increase in admissions reporting heroin and injection drug use, a factor driving increases in HIV.

